Package

• SOIC8(SOP8)

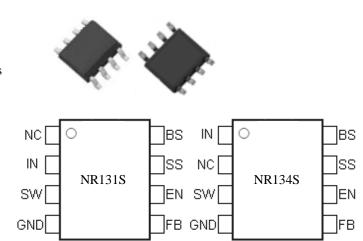
NR130S series

General Descriptions

The NR130 series is buck regulator ICs integrates High-side power MOSFETs. With the current mode control, ultra low ESR capacitors such as ceramic capacitors can be used. The ICs can realize super-high efficiency by performing pulse skip operation at light load condition. The ICs have protection functions such as Over-Current Protection (OCP), Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) and Thermal Shutdown (TSD). Soft starting time can be set up by selecting an external capacitor value. The ON/OFF pin (EN Pin) turns the regulator on or off and helps to achieve low power consumption requirements. The NR130 series is available in an 8-pin SOIC package.

Features & Benefits

- Current mode PWM control
- Up to 94% efficiency at normal load condition
- Up to 85% efficiency at light load condition
- Stable with low ESR ceramic output capacitors
- Built-in protection function Over Current Protection (OCP) Thermal Shutdown (TSD) Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
- Built-in phase compensation
- Adjustable Soft-Start with an external capacitor
- Turn ON/OF the regulator function Programable Pulse-Skip operation

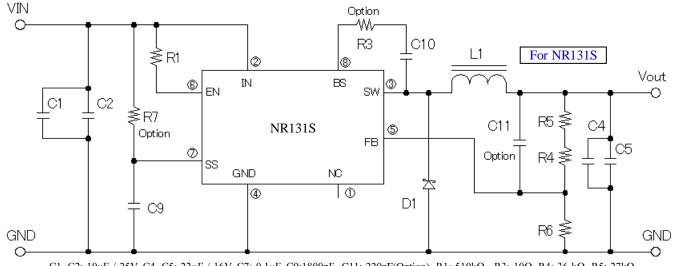


Electrical Characteristics

- 3A Continuous output current
- Operating input range $V_{IN} = 4.5 V \sim 17 V$
- Output adjustable $V_0 = 0.8V \sim 14V$
- Fixed 350kHz frequency

Applications

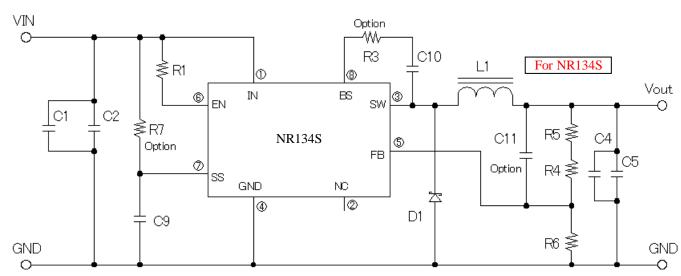
- LCD TV / Blu-Ray / Set top box
- Green Electronic products
- Other power supply



Typical Application Circuit

C1, C2: 10 μ F / 25V, C4, C5: 22 μ F / 16V, C7: 0.1 μ F, C9:1800pF, C11: 220pF(Option), R1: 510k Ω , R3: 10 Ω , R4: 36 k Ω , R5: 27k Ω (VO=5.0V), R6: 12k Ω , R7:510k Ω (Option), D1: SJPJ-L4, L1: 10 μ H





C1, C2: $10\mu F / 25V$, C4, C5: $22\mu F / 16V$, C7: $0.1\mu F$, C9:1800pF, C11: 220pF(Option), R1: $510k\Omega$, R3: 10Ω , R4: $36 k\Omega$, R5: $27k\Omega$ (VO=5.0V), R6: $12k\Omega$, R7: $510k\Omega$ (Option), D1: SJPJ-L4, L1: $10\mu H$

Series Lineup

Product Name	\mathbf{f}_{SW}	$V_{\rm IN}$		Vo		Io	Pin No.1 Function	Pin No.2 Function	Package
NR131S	- 350kHz	4.5V to	(1)	(1) 0.8V to	(2)	3A	NC	IN	50109
NR134S		17V		14V			IN	NC	SOIC8

⁽¹⁾ The minimum input voltage shall be either of 4.5V or VO+3V, whichever is higher.

⁽²⁾ The I/O condition limited by the Minimum on-time (TON(MIN)).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units	Conditions	
DC input voltage		V _{IN}	19	V	
BS terminal voltage		V _{BS}	24.5	V	
SW terminal voltage		V _{SW}	19	V	
FB terminal voltage		V _{FB}	5.5	V	
EN terminal voltage		V _{EN}	19	V	
SS terminal voltage		V _{SS}	7.4	V	
SS terminal allowable input current		Issb	5	mA	
Power dissipation		P _{D1}	1.42	W	Glass-epoxy board mounting in a 40×40mm. (copper area in a 25×25mm) Max T _J =150°C
Junction temperature	(4)	T _J	-40 ~ 150	°C	
Storage temperature		Ts	-40 ~ 150	°C	
Thermal resistance (junction- Pin No. 4)		θ_{JP}	60.8	°C /W	
Thermal resistance (junction-ambient air)		θ_{JA}	88.2	°C /W	Glass-epoxy board mounting in a 40×40mm. (copper area in a 25×25mm)

⁽³⁾Limited by thermal shutdown.

 $^{(4)}$ The temperature detection of thermal shutdown is about 165°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Rat	ings	Unito	Conditions
Farameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	Units	
DC input voltage ⁽⁵⁾	V _{IN}	V _o +3	17	V	
DC output current (6) (7)	Io	0	3.0	А	
Output voltage	Vo	0.8	14	V	
Ambient operating temperature (7)	T _{OP}	-40	85	°C	

⁽⁵⁾ The minimum value of input voltage is taken as the larger one of either 4.5V or V_0 +3V.

In the case of $V_{IN}=V_O+1$, it is set to $I_O = Max$. 2A ⁽⁶⁾ Recommended circuit refers to Typical Application Circuit.

⁽⁷⁾ To be used within the allowable package power dissipation characteristics.

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Electrical Characteristics

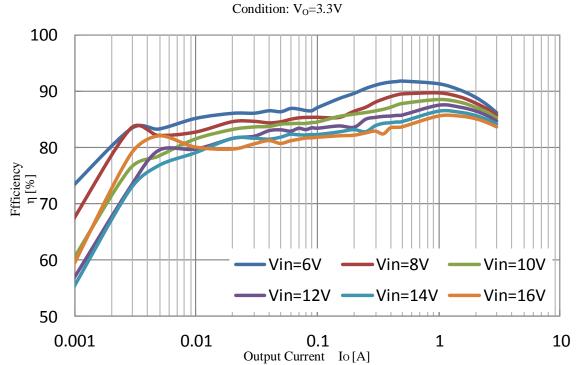
Electri	cal Characteristic	S						$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$
Parameter			Symbol		Ratings		Units	Test conditions
				MIN	ТҮР	MAX		
Referenc	e voltage	V _{REF}	0.780	0.800	0.820	V	$V_{IN} = 12V, I_o = 1.0A$	
Output vo coefficier	bltage temperature		$\Delta V_{REF} / \Delta T$		±0.05		mV/°C	$V_{IN} = 12V, I_o = 1.0A$ -40°C to +85°C
Switchin	g frequency		\mathbf{f}_{SW}	245	350	455	kHz	V_{IN} =12V, V_{o} =5.0V, I_{o} =1A
Line reg	ulation	(8)	V_{Line}		50		mV	$V_{IN} = 8V \sim 17V,$ $V_o = 5.0V, I_o = 1A$
Load regulation (8)			V _{Load}		50		mV	$V_{IN} = 12V, V_o = 5.0V,$ $I_o = 0.1A \sim 2.0A$
Over current protection threshold			I _S	3.1	4.5		А	$V_{IN} = 12V, V_o = 5.0V$
Supply Current(Non-switching)			I _{IN}		100		μΑ	$V_{IN} = 12V, V_{EN} = 12V$
Shutdow	n Supply Current		I _{IN(off)}		1		μΑ	$V_{IN}=12V, V_{EN}=0V$
Input Under Voltage Lockout threshold			Vuvlo		3.9	4.4	V	V _{IN} Rising
	Charging current		I _{SS}	13	22	31	μΑ	$V_{SS}=0V, V_{IN}=12V$
SS Pin	SS start voltage		Vss1		0.5			$V_{IN}=12V$
	SS finish voltage		Vss2		1.4			V _{IN} =12V
EN Pin	Sink current		I_{EN}		5	10	μΑ	$V_{EN} = 12V$
	Threshold voltage		V _{EN}	0.7	1.3	2.1	V	V _{IN} =12V
Max on-duty (8)			D _{MAX}		90		%	V _{IN} =12V
Minimum on-time ⁽⁸⁾			T _{ON(MIN)}		170		nsec	V _{IN} =12V
Thermal shutdown threshold (8) temperature			TSD	151	165		°C	V _{IN} =12V
Thermal shutdown restart (8) hysteresis of temperature			TSD_hys		15		°C	V _{IN} =12V

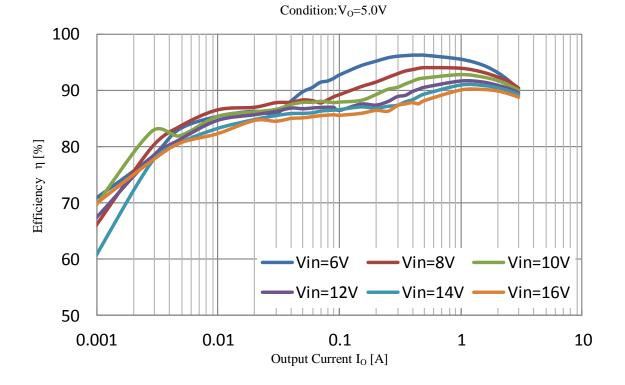
Guaranteed by design, not tested.

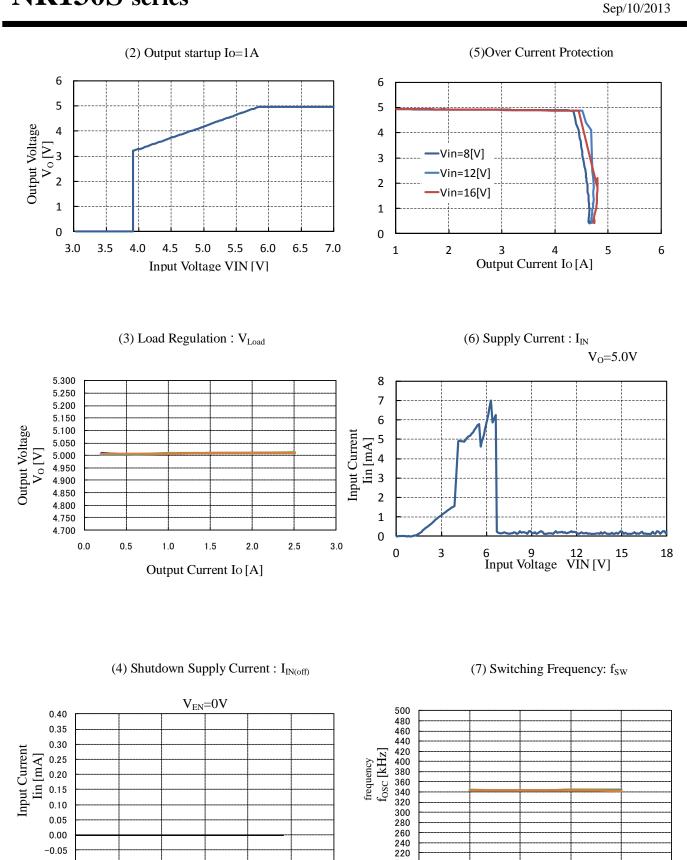
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Typical Performance Characteristics

NR131S typical Performance Characteristics (1)Efficiency







30.0

200

0.0

2.0

3.0

Output Current

Io[A]

4.0

1.0

0.00 -0.05

-0.10

0.0

5.0

10.0

15.0

Input Voltage

 $V_{IN}[V]$

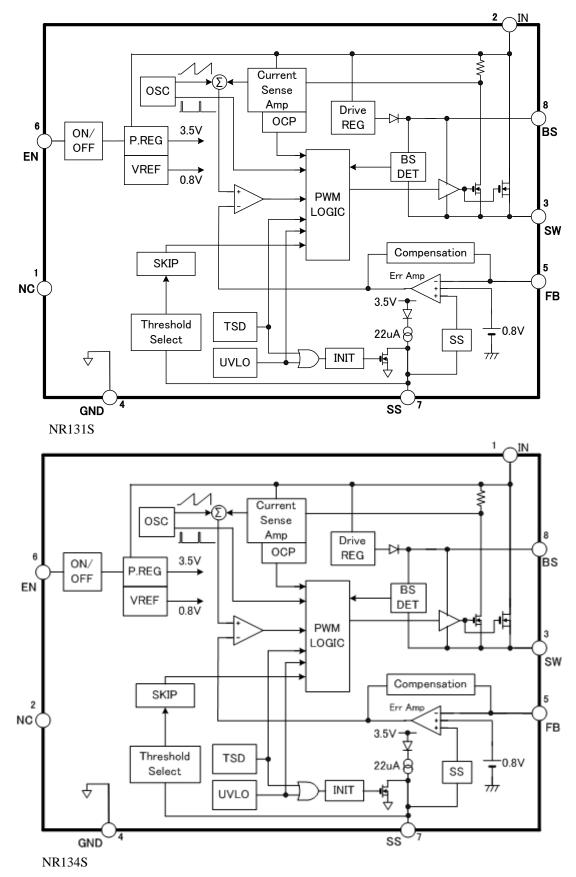
20.0

25.0

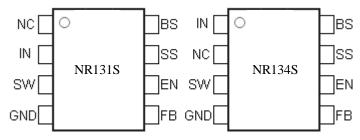
5.0

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Functional Block Diagram



Pin Asignments & Functions



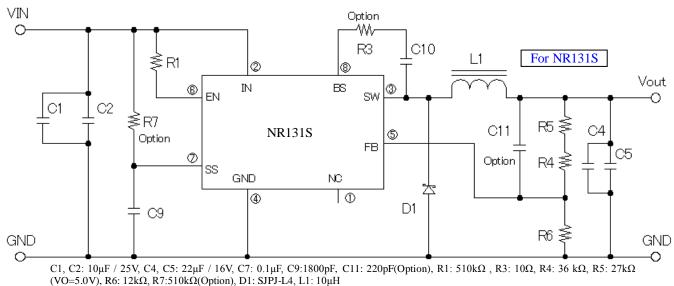
Pin Assignments

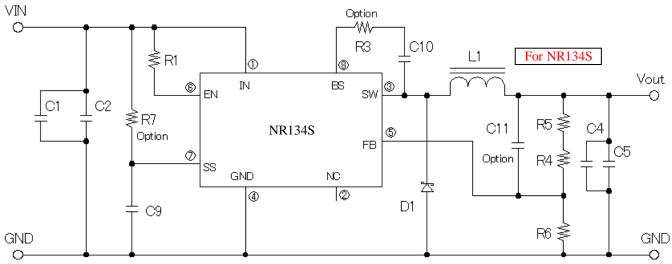
Pin assignments & functions of NR130S series

Pin No.	Symbol	Description				
1	NC or	NR131S: No Connection.(NC)				
	IN	NR134S: Power input. VIN supplies the power to the IC.as well as the regulator switches				
2	IN or	NR131s: Power input. VIN supplies the power to the IC.as well as the regulator switches				
	NC	NR134S: No Connection.(NC)				
3	SW	Power switching output.				
		SW supplies power to the output.				
		Connect the LC filter from SW to the output.				
		Connect a Schottky Barrier Diode between SW and GND.				
		Note that a capacitor is required from SW to BS to supply the power the High-side				
		switch				
4	GND	Ground				
		Connect the exposed pad to Pin No.4				
5	FB	Feedback input Pin to compare Reference Voltage. The feedback threshold is 0.8V.				
		To set the output voltage, FB Pin is required to connect between resistive voltage				
		divider R4 and R6.				
6	EN	Enable input.				
		Drive EN Pin high to turn on the regulator, low to turn it off.				
7	SS	Soft-Start and SKIP operation control input.				
		To set the soft-start period, connect to a capacitor between GND.				
		To set the Low Ripple SKIP operation, add the resister 510k ohm between SS terminal				
		and IN terminal.				
8	BS	High-side Boost input.				
		BS supplies the drive for High-side Nch-MOSFET switch.				
		Connect a capacitor and a resistor between SW to BS.				

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Example Application Circuit





C1, C2: $10\mu F / 25V$, C4, C5: $22\mu F / 16V$, C7: $0.1\mu F$, C9:1800pF, C11: 220pF(Option), R1: $510k\Omega$, R3: 10Ω , R4: $36 k\Omega$, R5: $27k\Omega$ (VO=5.0V), R6: $12k\Omega$, R7: $510k\Omega$ (Option), D1: SJPJ-L4, L1: $10\mu H$

A design guide for add-on parts around of the NR130S series.

(1)Diode D1

• The schottky-barrier diode must be used for D1. If other diodes like fast recovery diodes are used, IC may be damaged because of the reverse voltage applied by the recovery voltage or ON voltage.

(2)Choke coil L1

- If the winding resistance of the choke coil is too high, the efficiency may go down to the extent that it is out of the rating.
- As the start current of the over current protection is approximately 4A, attention must be paid to the heating of the choke coil by the magnetic saturation due to overload or short-circulated load.

(3)Capacitor C1(C2), C4(C5), C9

- •As large ripple current across C1 (C2) and C4 (C5), capacitors with high frequency and low impedance for SMPS must be used. Especially when the impedance of C4 (C5) is high, the switching waveform may not be normal at low temperature.
- C9 is a capacitor for soft start. In case soft start function is not used, please keep Pin No.2 open.

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(4)Resistor R1, R2

• R4, R5, R6 are resistor to the Output Voltage. In case of the I(ADJ) = 66μ A, R4, R5, R6 are calculated by the next equation .

$$R6 = \frac{VFB}{I(ADJ)} = \frac{0.8V}{66 \,\mu A} = 12k\,\Omega$$

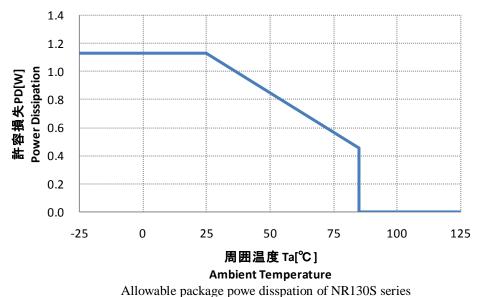
$$Vo = VFB\left(1 + \frac{R4 + R5}{R6}\right) \implies R4 + R5 = \frac{R6 \times (Vo - VFB)}{VFB}$$

$$R4 + R5 = \frac{12k\,\Omega \times (5V - 0.8V)}{0.8V} = 63k\,\Omega$$

$$*63k\,\Omega = 27k\,\Omega + 36k\,\Omega$$

In order to have optimum operating condition, each component must be connected with the minimum distance.

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Allowable package power dissipation

NOTES:

- 1) Glass-epoxy board mounting in a 30×30mm
- 2) copper area : 25×25 mm
- 3) The power dissipation is calculated at the junction temperature 125 $^{\circ}$ C
- 4) Losses can be calculated by the following equation.

As the efficiency is subject to the input voltage and output current, it shall be obtained from the efficiency curve and substituted in percent

5) Thermal design for D1 shall be made separately.

$$\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{D}} = \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{O}} \times \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{O}} \left(\frac{100}{\eta \mathbf{x}} - 1 \right) \cdots (1)$$

V_{O:} Output voltage

V_{IN :} Input voltage

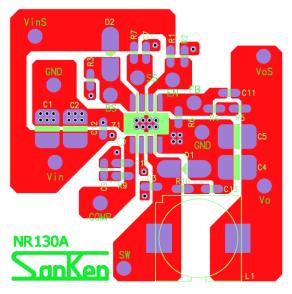
 $I_{O\,:}\,Output\,\,current$

 $\eta \mathbf{x}$: Efficiency (%)

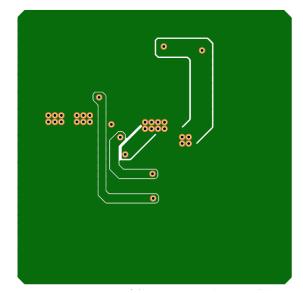
Vf: SJPB-L4 Io=3A/Vf=0.55V Diode forward voltage (A to K)

PCB layout recommendation

*The demonstration Printed circuit board. It can mount a part for the experiment ,except for the Example Application Circuit. *This pattern layout is for NR131A/NR131S. In case of the NR134S,VIN must change a connection to 1 pin.



Front Side: Component Side (double sided board)



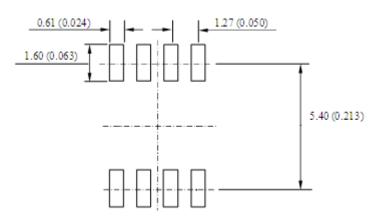
Back Side: GND Side (double sided board)

<u>Note</u>

1) Size of the PCB is about 40mm $\times 40$ mm

2)Dimension is in millimeters, dimension in bracket is in inches.

3) Drawing is not to scale.

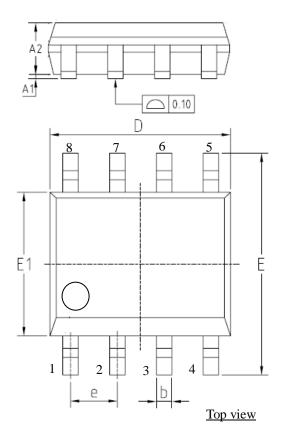


Recommended land pattern

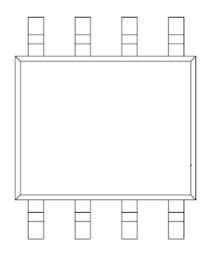
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Package outline, dimensions

SOIC8 package (Units : mm)



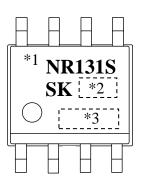




Bottom view

- Marking
- *1. Product number NR131S NR134S
 *2. Lot number (three digit) 1st letter : The last digit of the year 2nd letter : Month January to September : 1 to 9 October : O November : N December : D 3rd letter : manufacturing week First week to 5th week : 1 to 5
 *3. Control number (four digit)

Symbol	Dimension is in millimeters(mm)							
Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX					
A1	0.05	0.15	0.25					
A2	1.25	1.40	1.65					
b	0.38	—	0.51					
D	4.80	4.90	5.00					
Е	5.80	6.00	6.20					
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00					
е	—	1.27	—					
L	0.45	0.6	0.8					



Ultra light load high efficiency,VIN=17V,Current mode Step-down Io=3A Buck Regulator IC

NR130S series

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OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

Reliability can be affected adversely by improper storage environments and handling methods. Please observe the following cautions.

Heat dissipation and reliability

Thermal performance of the surface mount package IC depends on the material and area size of PCB and its copper plane. Design thermal condition with sufficient margin

Parallel operation

The parallel operation to increase the current is not available.

Thermal shut down

The NR130Sseries has a thermal protection circuit.

This circuit protects the IC from the heat generation by the over load.

This circuit cannot guarantee the long-term reliability against the continuously over load status.

Cautions for Storage

- Ensure that storage conditions comply with the standard temperature (5 to 35°C) and the standard relative humidity (around 40 to 75%); avoid storage locations that experience extreme changes in temperature or humidity.
- Avoid locations where dust or harmful gases are present and avoid direct sunlight.
- Reinspect for rust on leads and solderability of products that have been stored for a long time.

Cautions for Testing and Handling

• When tests are carried out during inspection testing and other standard test periods, protect the products from power surges from the testing products, shorts between the product pins, and wrong connections. In addition, avoid tests exceeded ratings

Soldering

When soldering the products, please be sure to minimize the working time, within the following limits.

- Reflow Preheat ; $180^{\circ}C / 90 \pm 30s$
 - Heat ; 250°C / 10±1s (260°C peak ,2times)
- Soldering iron ; $380\pm10^{\circ}C$ / $3.5\pm0.5s$ (1time)

Electrostatic Discharge

- When handling the products, the operator must be grounded. Grounded wrist straps worn should have at least $1M\Omega$ of resistance from the operator to ground to prevent shock hazard, and it should be placed near the operator.
- Workbenches where the products are handled should be grounded and be provided with conductive table and floor mats.
- When using measuring equipment such as a curve tracer, the equipment should be grounded.
- When soldering the products, the head of a soldering irons or the solder bath must be grounded in order to prevent leak voltages generated by them from being applied to the products.
- The products should always be stored and transported in Sanken shipping containers or conductive containers, or be wrapped in aluminum foil.

Ultra light load high efficiency, VIN=17V, Current mode Step-down Io=3A Buck Regulator IC

NR130S series

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In addition, it should be noted that since power devices or IC's including power devices have large self-heating value, the degree of derating of junction temperature affects the reliability significantly.

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