

Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics

($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	MBR10150CT	Unit
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	150	Volts
Working peak reverse voltage	V_{RWM}	150	Volts
Maximum DC blocking voltage	V_{DC}	150	Volts
Maximum average forward rectified current (See Fig. 1)	Total device Per leg $I_{F(AV)}$	10 5.0	Amps
Peak forward surge current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method) per leg	I_{FSM}	160	Amps
Peak repetitive reverse current per leg at $t_p = 2.0\mu\text{s}$, 1KHz	I_{RRM}	1.0	Amp
Voltage rate of change (rated V_R)	dv/dt	10,000	V/ μs
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage per leg (Note 4)	V_F	at $I_F=5.0\text{A}$, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ 0.88	Volts
at $I_F=5.0\text{A}$, $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ 0.72			
at $I_F=10\text{A}$, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ 0.96			
at $I_F=10\text{A}$, $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ 0.80			
Maximum reverse current per leg at working peak reverse voltage (Note 4)	I_R	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ 5.0	μA
$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ 1.0		mA	
Typical thermal resistance per leg	$R_{\theta JC}$	MBR 2.4 / MBRF 4.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
RMS Isolation voltage (MBRF type only) from terminals to heatsink with $t = 1.0$ second, $\text{RH} \leq 30\%$	V_{ISOL}	4500 (Note 1) 3500 (Note 2) 1500 (Note 3)	Volts
Operating junction and storage temperature range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

- Notes:**
1. Clip mounting (on case), where lead does not overlap heatsink with 0.110" offset
 2. Clip mounting (on case), where leads do overlap heatsink
 3. Screw mounting with 4-40 screw, where washer diameter is ≤ 4.9 mm (0.19")
 4. Pulse test: 300 μs pulse width, 1% duty cycle

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

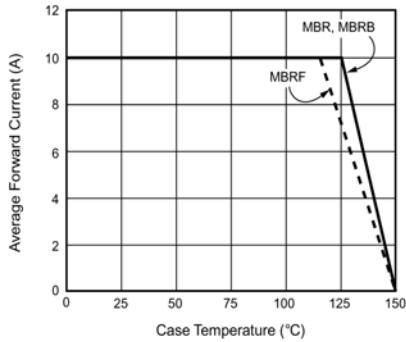


Figure 1. Forward Derating Curve (Total)

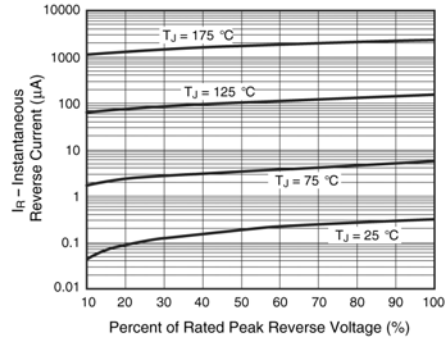


Figure 4. Typical Reverse Characteristics Per Leg

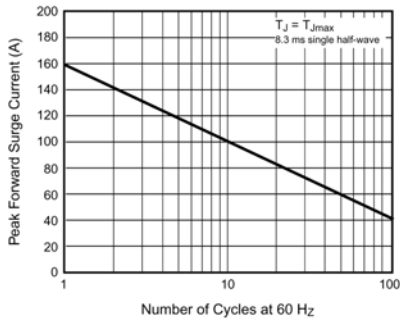


Figure 2. Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current Per Leg

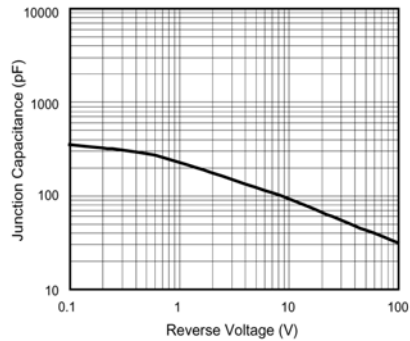


Figure 5. Typical Junction Capacitance Per Leg

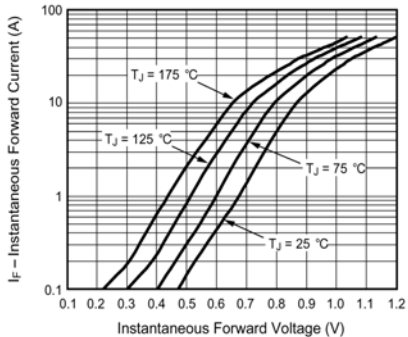


Figure 3. Typical Instantaneous Forward Characteristics Per Leg

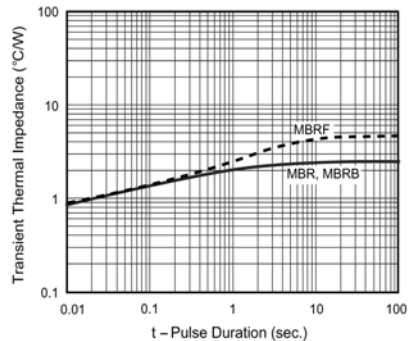


Figure 6. Typical Transient Thermal Impedance Per Leg